

GENESIS

I. History of Humanity in General (1-11)

A. Creation of the heavens and earth (1-2)

B. Adam and his family (3-5)

The fall of man (3)

C. Noah and his family (6-11)

II. History of Israel in Particular (12-50)

A. Abraham – The father who gave his son (12:1 – 25:18)

B. Isaac – The son who took a bride (25:19 – 26:35)

C. Jacob – The flesh vs. the Spirit (27:1-36-43)

D. Joseph – The providence of God (37:1-50:26)

EXODUS

I. Redemption – God’s Power (1-17)

A. The slavery of sin (1-4)

B. The stubbornness of Pharaoh (5-11)

C. The salvation of God (12-17)

1. Passover – Christ the slain Lamb (12-13)

2. Crossing the sea – resurrection (14-15)

3. Manna – Christ the Bread of Life (16)

4. Smitten tock – the Spirit - (17:1-7)

5. Amalek – flesh vs. the Spirit - (17:8-16)

II. Righteousness – God’s Holiness

A. The nation prepared (18-24)

B. The law revealed (20-23)

1. The commandments (Godward) (20)

2. The judgements (manward) (21-23)

C. The covenant ratified (24)

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- A. The tabernacle described (25-31)
- B. The tabernacle needed – Israel sins (32-34)
- C. The tabernacle constructed (35-40)

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I. God's Provision for Sin (1-10)

A. The sacrifices (1-7)

1. Burnt offering (1; 6:8-13)
2. Meal offering (2; 6:14-23)
3. Peace offering (3; 7:11-34)
4. Sin offering (4; 6:24-30)
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B. The priesthood (8-10)

II. God's Precepts for Separation (11-24)

A. A holy nation (11-20)

1. Clean and unclean – laws of purity (11-15)
2. The Day of Atonement (16-17)
3. Various laws of separation

B. A holy priesthood (21-22)

C. Holy days – the feasts of the Lord (23-24)

III. God's Promise for Success (25-27)

A. The Sabbath of the land (25)

B. The importance of obedience (26)

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I. The Old Generation Set Aside (1-20)

- A. Counted (1-4)
- B. Counseled (5-10)
- C. Chastised (11-12)
- D. Condemned (13-20)

II. The New Generation Set Apart (21-36)

- A. Their journeying (21-25, 33)
- B. Their numbering (26-27)
- C. Their offerings (28-30)
- D. Their dividing of the inheritance (31-36)

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- I. Historical Concerns: Moses looks Back (1-4)
 - A. The tragedy of unbelief (1)
 - B. Journeys and victories (2-3)
 - C. Closing appeal that they obey (4)

- II. Practical Concerns: Moses Looks within (5-26)
 - A. The testimonies (5-11)
 - 1. The Law proclaimed (5)
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 - 3. The Law preserved (7-10)
 - a. Dangers from without (7)
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A. A new leader (31)

B. A new song (32)

C. A new blessing (33)

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JOSHUA

I. Crossing the River (1-5)

- A. The commission to Joshua (1)
- B. The covenant with Rahab (2)
- C. The crossing of Jordan (3-4)
- D. The circumcision at Gilgal (5)

II. Conquering the Enemy (6-12)

- A. The central campaign: Jericho; Ai; Gibeon (6-9)
- B. The southern campaign (10)
- C. The northern campaign (11)
- D. The defeated kings (12)

III. Claiming the Inheritance (13-24)

- A. The tribal territory assigned (13-19)
 - 1. Eastern Canaan (13-14)
 - 2. Western Canaan (15-19)
- B. The special cities appointed (13-19)
 - 1. The cities of refuge (20)

2. The priestly cities (21)

C. The border tribes allotted (22)

D. The entire nation admonished (23-24)

JUDGES

I. Apathy (1-2)

A. Early victories (1:1-26)

B. Repeated defeats (1:27-36)

C. Divine rebuke (2:1-5)

D. Serving other gods (2:6-23)

(summary of the entire book)

II. Apostasy (3-16)

A. Othniel (3:1-11)

(Mesopotamia)

B. Ehud and Shamgar (3:12-31)

(Moab)

C. Deborah and Barak (4-5)

(The Canaanites)

D. Gideon (6-8)

(Midian)

E. Abimelech, Tola, and Jair (9:1-10:5)

(Men of Shechem)

F. Jephthah (10:6-12:15)

(Ammon)

G. Samson (13-16)

(The Philistines)

III. Anarchy (17-21)

A. Idolatry (17-18)

B. Immorality (19)

C. Civil war (20-21)

RUTH

I. Ruth's Sorrow (1)

- A. Naomi's wrong decision (1:1-5)
- B. Naomi's wrong counsel (1:6-18)
- C. Naomi's wrong attitude (1:19-22)

II. Ruth's Service (2)

- A. God guides Ruth (2:1-3)
- B. Boaz shows kindness to Ruth (2:4-16)
- C. Naomi encourages Ruth (2:17-23)

III. Ruth's Surrender (3)

- A. She obeys Naomi's counsel (3:1-5)
- B. She submits to Boaz (3:6-13)
- C. She waits for Boaz to work (3:14-18)

IV. Ruth's Satisfaction (4)

- A. Boaz redeems Ruth (4:1-12)
- B. Boaz marries Ruth (4:13)

C. Boaz and Ruth have a son (4:14-21)

1 SAMUEL

I. Hannah – A godly Mother (1:1-2:11)

A. Her sorrow (1:1-10)

B. Her supplication (1:11-19)

C. Her surrender (1:20-28)

D. Her son (2:1-11)

II. Eli – A Careless Father (2:12-36)

A. His sinful sons (12-21)

B. His selfish disobedience (22-26)

C. His severe judgment (27-36)

III. Samuel - A Devoted Son (3)

A. His call from the Lord (1-10)

B. His message from the Lord (11-14)

C. His message to Eli (15-21)

IV. God's Glory Is Departed (4)

A. A great sin (1-5)

B. A great slaughter (6-10)

C. A great sorrow (11-22)

V. God's Name Is Defended (5-6)

A. Before the heathen (5)

B. Before the Israelites (6)

VI. God's People Are Delivered (7)

VII. The Request for a King (8-10)

VIII. The Renewal of the Kingdom (11-12)

IX. The Rejection of the King (13-15)

A. Impatience (13)

B. Pride (14)

C. Disobedience (15)

X. The Obedient Son (16:1-13)

XI. The Humble Servant (16:14-23)

XII. The Victorious Soldier (17)

XIII. David Trusts the Lord (18)

A. By popularity (18:1-11)

B. By demotion (18:12-16)

C. By disappointment (17-30)

XIV. David Trusts Men (19)

A. He trusts Jonathan (1-10)

B. He trusts Michal (11-17)

C. He trusts Samuel (18-24)

XV. David Trusts Himself (20-21)

A. He lied to Saul (20)

B. He lied to Ahimelech (21:1-9)

C. He lied to Achish (21:10-15)

XVI. God Guided David's Steps (22)

XVII. God Guarded David's Life (23)

A. Victory at Keilah (1-13)

B. Victory in the wilderness (14-18)

C. Victory over the Ziphites (19-29)

XVIII. God Gave David Grace (24)

A. The temptation (1-7)

B. The explanation (8-15)

C. The supplication (16-22)

XIX. Love and Hatred (26)

XX. Light and Darkness (27-30)

XXI. Life and Death (31)

2 SAMUEL

I. David Sorrows over Saul's Death (1)

II. David Struggles against Saul's Family (2-4)

A. The murder of Asahel (2)

B. The murder of Abner (3)

C. The murder of Ishbosheth (4)

III. David Succeeds to Saul's Throne (5)

IV. David Displeases the Lord (6:1-11)

V. David Displays His Zeal (6:11-19)

VI. David Disciplines his Wife (6:20-23)

VII. A Noble Purpose (7:1-3)

VIII. A Wonderful Promise (7:4-17)

A. God's grace (5-10)

B. God's purpose (11-16)

IX. A Humble Prayer (7:18-29)

X. Mephibosheth – The Lost Sinner (9)

A. He was born in a rejected family.

B. He experienced a fall and could not walk.

C. He was missing the best.

D. He would have perished without David's help.

XI. David – The Gracious Savior

A. David made the first move.

B. David acted for Jonathan's sake.

C. It was an act of kindness.

D. David called him personally and he came.

E. David took him into his own family.

F. David spoke peace to him.

G. David provided for his every need.

H. David protected him from judgment.

XII. David and Bathsheba (11:1-4)

XIII. David and Uriah (11:5-27)

XIV. David and the Lord (12)

A. David's confession (1-14)

B. David's contrition (15-25)

C. David's conquests (26-31)

XV. The Rebellion of the Prince (15:1-12)

XVI. The Reactions of the People (15:13-16:23)

A. David's friends (15:13-37)

B. David's enemies (16)

XVII. The Reckoning of the Lord (17-19)

A. Ahitophel dies (17)

B. Absalom dies (18:1-19:15)

C. Shimei is pardoned (19:16-23)

D. Ziba and Mephibosheth are reconciled (19:24-30)

E. Barzillai is rewarded (19:31-43)

XVIII. Sin (24:1-9)

XIX. Suffering (24:10-17)

XX. Sacrifices (24:18-25)

A. We never outgrow temptation.

B. God graciously gives time to repent.

C. Sins of the spirit do great damage.

D. Our sins involve others.

E. True confession is a costly thing.

F. God will forgive and bring blessing.

1 KINGS

I. Solomon Fulfills God's Word (1)

II. Solomon Executes God's Wrath (2)

A. David's last counsels (1-11)

B. Judgment on Adonijah (12-25)

C. Judgment on Abiathar and Joab (26-35)

D. Judgment on Shimei (36-46)

III. Solomon Receives God's Wisdom (3)

IV. Solomon enjoys God's Wealth (4)

V. Preparation (5)

VI. Construction (6-7)

VII. Dedication (8)

VIII. Devine Admonition (9:1-9)

IX. Dangerous Alliances (9:10-10:13)

A. With Hiram (9:10-14)

B. With Egypt (9: 15-24)

C. With other nations (9:25-10:13)

X. Destructive Ambitions (10:12-49)

XI. Deliberate Apostasy (11)

A. A warning message (1-13)

B. An invasion by Edom (14-22)

C. Trouble from Rezon (23-25)

D. Competition from Jeroboam (26-43)

XII. The Division of the Kingdom (12:1-14:20)

A. Rehoboam's folly (12:1-15)

B. Jeroboam's rebellion (12:16-13:34)

C. God's judgment (14:1-20)

XIII. The Decline of Judah (14:21-15:24)

A. Rehoboam (14:21-31)

B. Abijam (15:1-8)

C. Asa (15:9-24)

D. Jehosaphat (15:24)

XIV. The Decay of Israel (15:25-16:34)

XV. His Private Ministry: “Go hide Yourself” (17)

A. The dry brook (2-7)

B. The depleted barrel (8-16)

C. The dead boy (17-24)

XVI. His Public Ministry: “Go Show yourself” (18)

A. Elijah and Obadiah (1-16)

B. Elijah and Baal (17-29)

C. Elijah and Israel (30-46)

XVII. God Refreshed Elijah (19:1-8)

XVIII. God Rebukes Elijah (19:9-18)

XIX. God Replaces Elijah (19: 19-21)

XX. Ahab's Defense (20)

A. The challenge (1-12)

B. The conquest (13-30)

C. The compromise (31-43)

XXI. Ahab's Deception (21)

A. The sin (1-16)

B. The judgment (17-29)

XXII. Ahab's Defeat and Death (22)

2 KINGS

I. Elisha Succeeds Elijah (1-2)

A. The judgment of fire (1)

B. The chariot of fire (2)

II. Elisha Saves the Nation (3)

III. Elisha Serves the People (4)

A. The prophet's widow (1-7)

B. The Shunammite woman (8-37)

C. The school of the prophets (38-44)

IV. Naaman's Cure (5:1-19)

A. He was condemned.

B. He was an enemy.

C. He heard a witness.

D. He tried to save himself.

E. He was called by God.

F. He resisted God's simple way of salvation.

- G. He was cured by his obedient faith.
 - H. He had assurance.
 - I. He went home in peace (19)
- V. Gehazi's Covetousness (5:20-27)
- A. He lied to Naaman (21-23)
 - B. He lied to Elisha (25-27)
- VI. Elisha Restores the Axe Head (6:1-7)
- VII. Elisha Captures the Syrian Invaders (6:8-23)
- VIII. Elisha Delivers the City (6:24-7:20)
- IX. Elisha Protects the Shunammite Woman (8:1-6)
- X. Elisha Judges the King (8:7-29)
- XI. The Anointing (9:1-13)
- XII. The Avenging (9:14-10:28)

- A. The slaying of King Joram (9:14-26)
- B. The slaying of King Ahaziah (9:27-29)
- C. The slaying of Jezebel (9:30-37)
- D. The slaying of Ahab's descendants (10:1-17)
- E. The slaying of the Baal worshipers (10:18-28)

XIII. The Abandoning (10:29-36)

XIV. Joash, the Boy King (11-12) (2 Chron. 22-24)

- A. Protected (11:1-3)
- B. Proclaimed king (11:4-21)
- C. Blessed by God (12:1-16)
- D. Ruined by sin (12:17-21)

XV. Jehoash – The Lost Opportunity (13)

XVI. Amaziah – Defeat by Pride (14) (2 Chron. 25)

XVII. Uzziah – Judah's Great King (15) (2 Chron. 26)

XVIII. Ahaz – The Cost of Compromise (16) (2 Chron. 28)

XIX. The Capture of Samaria (17:1-6)

XX. The Causes of Captivity (17: 7-23)

A. The nation forgot God (7)

B. The nation secretly disobeyed (8-9)

C. The nation openly rebelled (10-12)

D. The nation resisted God's call (13-15)

E. The nation sold itself to do evil (16-23)

XXI. The Colonization of Samaria (17:24-41)

XXII. The Assyrian Invaders (18-19)

A. Hezekiah's reformation (18:1-8) (2 Chron. 29-32)

B. Rebellion (18:9-37)

C. Request (19:1-19)

D. Reward (19:20-37)

XXIII. Death (20:1-11)

XXIV. The Babylonian Visitors (20:12-21)

XXV. Manasseh's Reign (21)

A. His rebellion (21:1-9)

B. His removal (21:10-15)

C. His repentance (2 Chron. 33:12)

D. His reformation (2 Chron. 33:13-20) (2 Kings 21:17-26)

XXVI. Josiah's Reign (22-23)

A. Salvation (22:1-2) (2 Chron. 34:3)

B. Reformation (2 Chron. 34: 3-7)

C. Restoration (22:3-23:28)

D. Assassination (23:29-37) (2 Chron. 35:20-27)

XXVII. The King Was Dethroned (24:1-12, 17-20)

XXVIII. The People Were Deported (24:13-16)

XXIX. The City Was Destroyed (25:1-12)

XXX. The Temple Was Disgraced (25:13-17)

XXXI. The Land Was Left Desolate (25:18-30)

1 & 2 CHRONICLES

I. Genealogies from Adam to King Saul (1 Chron. 1-9)

II. The reign of King David (1 Chron. 10-29)

A. The death of King Saul (10)

B. David solidifies his kingdom (11-16)

C. God's covenant with David (17)

D. David expands the kingdom (18-20)

E. David numbers the people (21)

F. David prepares for the building of the temple (22-29)

(The death of David)

III. The reign of King Solomon (2 Chron. 1-9)

A. Solomon receives God's blessing (1)

B. Solomon builds and dedicates the temple (2-7)

C. Solomon's fame and splendor (8-9)

IV. The divided kingdom (The king of Judah) (10-36)

A. The reign of Rehoboam (10-12)

B. From Abijah to Asa (13-16)

- C. The reign of Jehoshaphat (17-20)
- D. From Jehoram to Amaziah (21-25)
- E. The reign of Uzziah (26)
- F. The reigns of Jotham and Ahaz (27-28)
- G. The reign of Hezekiah (29-32)
- H. The reigns of Manasseh and Amon (33)
- I. The reign of Josiah (34-35)
- J. The last kings and the downfall of Judah (36)

EZRA

I. National Restoration under Zerubbabel (1-6)

A. Returning to the land (1-2)

1. Proclamation of Cyrus (1)
2. Registration of the people (2)

B. Rebuilding the temple (3)

1. Establishing the alter (3:1-6)
2. Laying again the foundation (3:7-13)

C. Resisting the enemy (4-6)

1. The building ceases (4) (Note: 4:6-23 is a parenthesis describing opposition at a later date)
2. The prophets begin their ministry (5)
3. The building is completed (6)

II. Spiritual Reformation under Ezra (7-10)

A. Ezra comes to Jerusalem (7-8)

B. Ezra confesses the sins of the people (9)

C. Ezra cleanses the nation (10)

NEHEMIAH

I. Repairing the Walls (1-6)

A. Preparation (1-2)

1. A concerned leader (1)
2. A cooperating king (2:1-8)
3. A challenged people (2:9-20)

B. Cooperation – the people work (3)

C. Opposition (4:1-6:19)

1. Ridicule (4:1-6)
2. Force (4:7-9)
3. Discouragement (4:10)
4. Fear (4:11-23)
5. Selfishness (5)
6. Guile (6:1-4)
7. Slander (6:5-9)
8. Threats (6:10-19)

II. Reviving the People (7-13)

A. The citizens registered (7)

- B. The Word of God proclaimed (8)
- C. The nation's sins confessed (9)
- D. The holy covenant ratified (10-12)
- E. The nation's sins cleansed (13)

ESTHER

I. The Selection of Esther (1-2)

- A. The king loses Vashti (1)
- B. The king chooses Esther (2)

II. The Detection of Haman (3-7)

- A. Haman's evil plot (3)
- B. Mordecai's great concern (4)
- C. Esther's courageous intercession (5-7)

III. The Protection of Israel (8-10)

- A. The king's new decree (8)
- B. The Jews' new victory (9)
- C. Mordecai's new honor (10)

JOB

I. Job's Distress (1-3)

A. His prosperity (1:1-5)

B. His adversity (1:6-2:13)

C. His perplexity (3)

II. Job's Defense (4-37)

A. The first round (4-14)

1. Eliphaz (4-5) – Job's reply (6-7)

2. Bildad (8) – Job's reply (9-10)

3. Zophar (11) – Job's reply (12-14)

B. The second round (15-21)

1. Eliphaz (15) – Job's reply (16-17)

2. Bildad (25) – Job's reply (26-31)

3. Elihu (32-37)

III. Job's Deliverance (38-42)

A. God humbles Job (38:1-42:6) (see 40:3-5 and 42:1-6)

B. God honors Job (42:7-17)

1. God rebukes his critics (42:7-10)

2. God restores his wealth (42:11-17)

PSALMS

- I. The Person God blesses (1:1-3)
 - A. A person who is separated from the world (1)
 - B. A person who is situated by the waters (2)
 - C. A person who is situated by the waters (3)
- II. The Person God Judges (1:4-6)
- III. The Voice of the Nation (2:1-3)
- IV. The Voice of the Father (2:4-6)
- V. The Voice of the Son (2:7-9)
- VI. The Voice of the Spirit (2:10-12)
 - A. The mind (10)
 - B. The heart (11)
 - C. The will (12)

PSALM 8

I. The Setting Historically

II. The Meaning Doctrinally

III. The Living Practically

A. Praise

B. Position

C. Power

D. Promise

PSALM 19

I. He Speaks in the Skies (19:1-6)

II. He Speaks in the Scriptures (19:7-11)

a. What the Bible is.

b. What the Bible does.

III. He Speaks in the soul (19:12-14)

PSALMS 22, 23, 24

I. The Good Shepherd (22)

II. The Great Shepherd (23)

III. The Chief Shepherd (24)

PSALMS 32 and 51

- I. David's Prayer of confession (51)
 - A. The cost of committing sin.
 - B. The cost of confessing sin.
 - C. The cost of cleansing sin.

- II. David's Praise for God's Cleansing (32)
 - A. The silence of conviction (3-4)
 - B. The sob of confession (5)
 - C. The song of cleansing (6-7)
 - D. The shout of confidence (8-11)

PSALM 40

I. The Birth of Christ (40:6-7)

II. The Life of Christ (40:8-10)

III. The Death of Christ (40:6)

IV. The Resurrection of Christ (40:1-3)

PSALM 90

I. God's Eternality and Man's Frailty (90:1-6)

II. God's Holiness and Man's Sins (90:7-12)

III. God's Blessing and Man's Yearnings (90:13-17)

PSALM 119

I. What the Bible Is

- A. Water for cleansing (9)
- B. Wealth and treasure (14, 72, 127, 162)
- C. A companion and friend (24)
- D. A song to sing (54)
- E. Honey (103)
- F. A lamp (105, 130)
- G. Great spoil (162)
- H. A heritage (111)

II. What the Bible Does

- A. It blesses (1-2)
- B. It gives life (25, 37, 40, 50, 88, 93)
- C. It gives strength (28)
- D. It gives liberty (45)
- E. It imparts wisdom (66, 97-104)
- F. It creates friends (63)
- G. It gives comfort (50, 76, 82, 92)

H. It gives direction (133)

III. What We Must Do with the Bible

A. Love it (97, 159)

B. Prize it (72, 128)

C. Study it (7, 12, 18, 26-27)

D. Memorize it (11)

E. Meditate on it (15, 23, 48, 78, 97, 99, 148)

F. Trust it (42)

G. Obey it (1-8)

H. Declare it (13, 26)

PROVERBS

I. Wisdom's Calls and Folly's Calls (1:20-9:18)

A. Wisdom's first call – to salvation (1:20-33)

B. Wisdom's Path – righteousness and safety (2-4)

C. Folly's first call – condemnation (5)

D. Folly's second call – poverty (6)

E. Folly's third call – death (7)

F. Wisdom's second call – to wealth (8)

G. Wisdom's third call – to life (9)

II. Wisdom's Contrasts (10-15)

A series of proverbs contrasting wisdom and folly

III. Wisdom's Counsels (16-31)

A series of proverbs on practical matters

ECCLESIASTES

I. His Initial Reasons (1:4-2:26)

- A. Man is just a “cog in the wheel” (1:4-11)
- B. Man’s wisdom cannot understand life (1:12-18)
- C. Wealth and pleasure do not satisfy (2:1-11)
- D. Death comes and ends it all (2:12-23)
- E. Conclusion – enjoy God’s blessings (2:24-26)

II. His Deeper Observations (3-10)

- A. God has a purpose in this “weary cycle of life” (3)
- B. Wealth and pleasure can glorify God (4-6)
- C. Wisdom from God is better than a life of folly (7-10)

III. His Final Conclusions (11-12)

- A. Live by faith (11:1-6)
- B. Remember that life will end one day soon (11:7-12:7)
- C. Obey God’s Word and fear Him (12:8-14)

THE SONG OF SOLOMON

- I. The Literal Meaning

- II. The Historical Meaning

- III. The Typical Meaning

- IV. The Practical Meaning
 - A. Salvation
 - B. Dedication
 - C. Communion
 - D. Glory

ISAIAH

- I. Condemnation (1-39) (The defeat of Assyria)
 - A. Sermons against Judah and Israel (1-12)
 - B. Burdens of judgment on the other nations (13-23)
 - C. Songs of future glory for the nation (24-27)
 - D. Woes against the sins of the people (28-35)
 - E. Historical Interlude (36-39) (King Hezekiah)
 - 1. His victory over Assyria (36-37)
 - 2. His sin with Babylon (38-39)

- II. Consolation (40-66) (The remnant returns home)
 - A. God's Greatness (40-48)

The true God vs. the false gods of the heathen

Emphasis on the Father, Jehovah God
 - B. God's Grace (49-57)

The Suffering Servant, Jesus Christ, dies for men

Emphasis on the Son, Jesus Christ
 - C. God's Glory (58-66)

The glory of the future kingdom

Emphasis on the Spirit (59:19, 21; 61:1; 63:10-14)

JEREMIAH

- I. National – Messages to Judah (2-33)
 - A. Condemnation (2-24)
 - 1. The nation generally (2-20)
 - 2. The leaders specifically (21-24)
 - B. Captivity (25-29)
 - C. Restoration (30-33)

- II. Personal – Jeremiah’s sufferings (34-45)
 - A. Before the siege of Jerusalem (34-39)
 - B. After the siege, with the remnant (40-45)

- III. International – Messages to the nations (46-51)
 - A. Egypt (46)
 - B. Philistia (47)
 - C. Moab (48)
 - D. Ammon (49:1-6)
 - E. Edom (49:7-22)
 - F. Syria, Kedar, Elam (49:23-39)

G. Babylon (50-51) (Babylon is mentioned 168 times in Jeremiah)

Conclusion – the Prophet's captivity and release (52)

LAMENTATIONS

- I. The Awfulness of God's Judgments (1:1-6)
- II. The Righteousness of God's Wrath (1:18-22)
- III. The Truthfulness of God's Word (2:17)
- IV. The Tenderness of God's Heart (1:12-16)
- V. The Faithfulness of God's Mercy (3:18-36)

EZEKIEL

- I. The Ordination of the Prophet (1-3)

- II. The Condemnation of Judah (4-24)
 - A. A disobedient nation (4-7)
 - B. A departed glory (8-11)
 - C. A disciplined nation (12-24)

- III. The Condemnation of the Gentile Nations (25-32)

- IV. The Restoration of God's People (33-48)
 - A. They return to their land (33-36)
 - B. They experience new life and unity (37)
 - C. They are protected from their enemies (38-39)
 - D. They worship the Lord acceptably (40-48)

DANIEL

- I. The Personal History of Daniel (1-6)
 - A. Maintaining his godly walk (1)
 - B. Interpreting the “image dream” (2)
 - C. The golden image – Daniel not present here (3)
 - D. Interpreting the “tree dream” (4)
 - E. Interpreting the handwriting on the wall (5)
 - F. Maintaining his godly devotion – the lions’ den (6)

- II. The Prophetical Ministry of Daniel (7-12)
 - A. His vision of the four beasts (7)
 - B. His vision of the ram and he goat (8)
 - C. His prayer of confession – the seventy weeks (9)
 - D. His final vision of the future (10-12)

HOSEA

- I. Israel's Unfaithfulness Pictured (1-3)
- II. Israel's Sins Proclaimed (4-7)
- III. Israel's Judgment Pronounced (8-10)
- IV. Israel's restoration Promised (11-14)

JOEL

I. The Day of the Lord Typified (1:1-2:27)

A. Proclamation (1:1-20)

B. Tribulation (2:1-11)

C. Humiliation (2:12-17)

D. Restoration (2:18-27)

II. The Day of the Lord Prophesied (2:28-3:21)

A. The Spirit poured out before that day (2:28-32)

B. Judgment poured out during that day (3:1-17)

C. Blessings poured out after that day (3:18-21)

AMOS

- I. He Looks Around (1-2)

- II. He Looks Within (3-6)
 - A. A message of explanation (3:1-15)
 - B. A message of accusation (4:1-13)
 - C. A message of lamentation (5:1-6:14)

- III. He looks Ahead (7-9)

OBADIAH

- I. God's Vengeance on Esau (1-16)
 - A. Pride (3-4)
 - B. Confederacy (7)
 - C. Violence (10)
 - D. Rejoicing (12)
 - E. Looting (13)
 - F. Hindering Jews from escaping (14)
 - G. Drunken celebration (16)

- II. God's Victory for Jacob (17-21)

JONAH

- I. Resignation – The Lesson of God’s Patience (1)
 - A. The causes of his backsliding were many.
 - B. The course of his backsliding was downward.
 - C. The consequences of his backsliding were tragic.

- II. Repentance – The Lesson of God’s Pardon (2)

- III. Revival – The Lesson of God’s Power (3)

- IV. Rebellion 0 The Lesson of God’s Pity (4)

MICAH

- I. Judgment Is coming (1-2)
- II. The Deliverer Is coming (3-5)
- III. Trust the Lord Today (6-7)

NAHUM

- I. God Is Jealous: Nineveh Will Fall (1)
- II. God Is Judge: Nineveh's Fall Is Great (2)
- III. God Is Just: Nineveh Deserves to Fall (3)

HABAKKUK

- I. The Prophet Wondering (1)
 - A. “Why is God silent and inactive?” (1-4)
 - B. “How can God use such a sinful nation for a holy cause?” (12-17)

- II. The Prophet Watching and Waiting (2)
 - A. “The just shall live by faith” (4)
 - B. “The earth shall be filled with God’s glory” (14)
 - C. “The Lord is in Hid holy temple” (20)

- III. The Prophet Worshiping (3)

ZEPHANIAH

- I. God Will Judge Judah (1:1-2:3)

- II. God Will Judge the Nations (2:4-3:7)

- III. God Will Restore His People (3:8-20)

HAGGAI

- I. Putting Self Ahead of the Lord (1:1-15)
- II. Look Back Instead of Looking Ahead (2:1-9)
- III. Failing to Confess Our Sins (2:10-19)
- IV. Unbelief (2:20-23)

ZECHARIAH

I. Eight Visions of Encouragement (1:7-6:15) (Feb. 24, 520)

- A. The rider (1:7-17) – God has not forgotten Jerusalem
- B. The craftsman (1:18-21) – God will destroy her enemies
- C. The surveyor (2:1-13) Jerusalem will be restored
- D. Joshua the high priest (3:1-10) – A cleansed nation
- E. The flying roll (5:1-4) – Sin will be judged in the land
- F. The woman (5:5-11) – Wickedness carried to Babylon
- G. The war chariots (6:1-8) – God controls the nations

Crowning the Priest-King (6:9-15) – The climax of god’s plan will be the crowing of Jesus Christ as Priest-King. Israel never had a priest-king, only kings and priests. This can only be a picture of Jesus Christ.

II. Two Oracles of Enlightenment (9-14)

A. The first oracle (9-11)

1. Conquest of Alexander the Great (9:1-8)

Coming of Messiah (9:9)

2. Victories of the Maccabees (9:11-17)

Coming of Messiah (10)

3. Conquest of Rome (11:1-9)

Coming of Messiah (11:10-14)

Coming of Antichrist (11:15-17)

B. The second oracle (12-14)

1. Israel in the Tribulation (12:1-9)

Return of Christ (12:10-13:9)

2. Battle of Armageddon (14:1-3)

Return of Christ (14:4-7)

3. Establishment of the Kingdom (14:8-21)

MALACHI

- I. They Doubted His Love (1:5)
- II. They Despised His Name (1:6-14)
- III. They Defiled His Covenant (2:1-17)
- IV. They Disobeyed his Word (3:1-15)